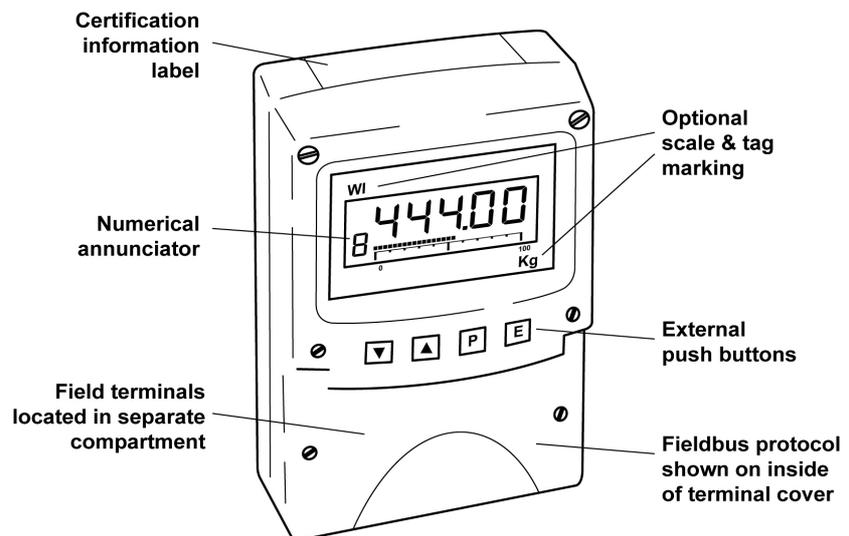


BA444DF-F
FOUNDATION™ fieldbus
Intrinsically safe
Field mounting
8 variable
Fieldbus Indicator
Issue 3



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The BA444DF-F is CE marked to show compliance with the European Explosive Atmospheres Directive 94/9/EC and the European EMC Directive 2004/108/EC

1. DESCRIPTION

The BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator is an intrinsically safe FOUNDATION™ fieldbus instrument that may be configured as a fieldbus node or as a fieldbus listener. It can display up to eight fieldbus process variables on a five digit LCD and 31 segment analogue bargraph. The instrument is bus powered so no additional power supply is required.

As a fieldbus node the indicator is configured via the fieldbus host.

Communication Protocol	Fieldbus Function Blocks
FOUNDATION™ fieldbus	Input Selector (2 x IS) Digital input (6 x DI)

Device Description files may be downloaded from the Fieldbus Foundation or from the BEKA associates websites.

When configured as a fieldbus listener the BA444DF-F is not visible to the fieldbus host and can only be configured using the push buttons on the front of the instrument.

Housed in a robust IP66 glass reinforced polyester (GRP) enclosure with a toughened glass window, the BA444DF-F is surface mounting, or may be pipe mounted using one of the accessory kits.

The instrument is intrinsically safe and has been certified by European Notified Body Intertek Testing and Certification Ltd (ITS) to harmonised ATEX explosive gas and combustible dust standards, confirming compliance with European ATEX Directive 94/9/EC. ATEX dust certification is an option – see Appendix 1.

For use in the USA and Canada, the BA444DF-F is available with optional intrinsic safety and nonincendive FM and cFM Approval – see Appendix 2.

For international applications, all versions of the BA444DF-F fieldbus listener have IECEx intrinsic safety approval allowing installation in explosive gas atmospheres. IECEx dust certification is available as an option – see Appendix 3.

The instrument's communication protocol is shown on a label inside the terminal cover. The '-F' order code suffix also indicates the protocol but is not shown on the instrument certification label. There is an alternative version of the fieldbus display, order code BA444DF-P for use on PROFIBUS PA networks

1.1 Documentation

This instruction manual describes ATEX system design and installation of the BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator.

System design information for non-ATEX and dust approvals is shown in appendices to this manual.

2. OPERATION

The BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator can display up to eight pre-configured FOUNDATION™ fieldbus process variables designated in-1 to in-8. The operator can select which variable is displayed using the ▼ and ▲ push buttons which scroll the display through the eight inputs. A numeric annunciator on the left hand side of the display shows which of the eight inputs is currently being displayed.

2.1 Error messages

When the BA444DF-F is configured as a listener the following error messages may be displayed:

'no ConF'	No inputs have been configured or are enabled.
'no dAtA'	No data is being received with the current configuration.

3. INTRINSIC SAFETY CERTIFICATION

3.1 ATEX certificate

The BA444DF-F has been issued with an EC-Type Examination Certificate by Notified Body Intertek Testing and Certification Ltd (ITS) which has been used to confirm compliance with the European ATEX Directive 94/9/EC for Group II, Category 1 gas atmospheres, Ga Ex ia IIC T4 and for dust atmospheres Ex iaD 20 T100°C IP66. The BA444DF-F is also FISCO compliant. The instrument bears the Community Mark and, subject to local codes of practice, may be installed in any of the European Economic Area (EEA) member countries. ATEX certificates are also acceptable for installations in Switzerland.

This manual describes ATEX installations in explosive gas atmospheres which conform with EN60079:Part14 Electrical Installation in Hazardous Areas. When designing systems for installation outside the UK, the local Code of Practice should be consulted.

For use in the presence of combustible dust, please refer to Appendix 1 that describes ATEX installations complying with EN 61241: Part 14.

ATEX certificates and BEKA Declarations of Conformity may be downloaded from the BEKA website at www.beka.co.uk

3.2 Zones, gas groups and T rating

The BA444DF-F has been issued with EC Type Examination certificate ITS06ATEX25313 confirming that it complies with the requirements for Group II Category 1G Ga Ex ia IIC T4 Tamb = -40 to 70°C specified in the ATEX Directive. When connected to a suitable certified system the BA444DF-F may be installed in:

- Zone 0 explosive gas air mixture continuously present.
- Zone 1 explosive gas air mixture likely to occur in normal operation.
- Zone 2 explosive gas air mixture not likely to occur, and if it does will only exist for a short time.

Be used with gases in groups:

- Group A propane
- Group B ethylene
- Group C hydrogen

Having a temperature classification of:

- T1 450°C
- T2 300°C
- T3 200°C
- T4 135°C

At an ambient temperature between -40 & +70°C.

Note: minimum guaranteed operating temperature is -20°C.

This allows the BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator to be installed in all Zones and to be used with most industrial gases.

3.3 Fieldbus connection

The BA444DF-F Indicator is powered and receives data via the H1 fieldbus, which is connected to terminals 1 and 2. These terminals are non-polarised, comply with the Fieldbus Intrinsically Safe Concept (FISCO) defined in IEC 60079 Part 27 and also have separate entity parameters as shown below:

	FISCO	Entity
Ui	= 17.5V dc	22.0V dc
Ii	= 380mA dc	250mA dc
Pi	= 5.32W	1.2W

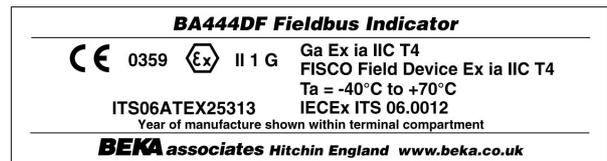
The maximum equivalent capacitance and inductance at terminals 1 & 2 is:

$$\begin{aligned} C_i &= 0\text{nF} \\ L_i &= 8\mu\text{H} \end{aligned}$$

3.4 Certification Label Information

The certification information label is fitted in a recess on the top outer surface of the enclosure. It shows details of the ATEX certification, a statement that the instrument is a FISCO Field Device, plus BEKA associates name and location. IECEx approval information is also included. The label for some versions of the instrument will also contain non-European certification information.

The instrument serial number and year of manufacture are recorded on a separate label inside the terminal compartment.



4. SYSTEM DESIGN FOR HAZARDOUS AREAS

4.1 FISCO Systems

The BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator may be connected to any ATEX certified FISCO compliant fieldbus segment, providing the segment can supply the additional 13mA required to operate the instrument.

Fig 1 shows a typical fieldbus segment. To comply with FISCO requirements, the power supply, terminators, field devices and the interconnecting cables must conform with IEC60079 part 27.

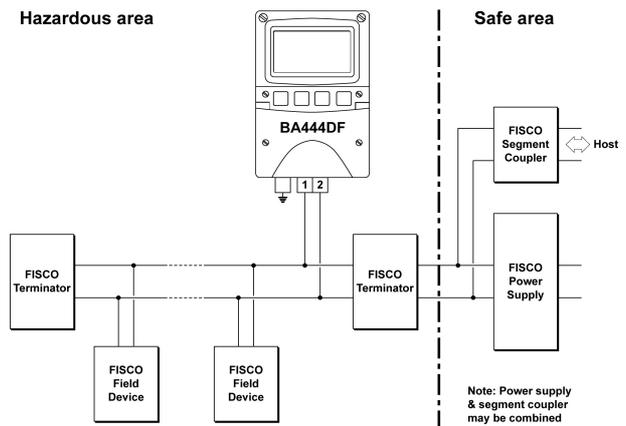


Fig 1 FISCO fieldbus system

4.2 Non-FISCO Systems

For non-FISCO applications the BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator has a higher voltage entity intrinsic safety input parameter allowing connection to a wide range of fieldbus segments.

The BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator may be connected to any intrinsically safe segment providing:

The device powering the fieldbus segment is ATEX certified and has output parameters equal to or less than:

$$\begin{aligned}U_o &= 22V \text{ dc} \\I_o &= 250mA \text{ dc} \\P_o &= 1.2W\end{aligned}$$

The segment can provide an additional 13mA to power the fieldbus listener.

The equivalent internal capacitance C_i of the BA444DF-F fieldbus listener is zero and the equivalent internal inductance is insignificant. Therefore these BA444DF-F parameters do not need to be considered.

5. INSTALLATION

5.1 Location

The BA444DF-F FOUNDATION™ fieldbus indicator is housed in a robust IP66 glass reinforced polyester (GRP) enclosure incorporating an armoured glass window and stainless steel fittings. It is suitable for exterior mounting in most industrial environments, including offshore and wastewater treatment installations. Please consult BEKA associates if high vibration is anticipated.

The BA444DF-F enclosure is surface mounting. Accessory kits described in sections 8.3 of this manual enable the instrument to be mounted onto a vertical or horizontal pipe.

The field terminals and the two mounting holes are located in a separate compartment with a sealed cover allowing the instrument to be installed without exposing the display assembly.

The BA444DF-F earth terminal is connected to the carbon loaded GRP enclosure. If this enclosure is not bolted to a post or structure connected to the plant potential equalising network, the instrument's earth terminal should be connected to the potential equalising network as recommended in EN 60079-14.

The BA444DF-F enclosure is supplied with a bonding plate to ensure electrical continuity between the three conduit / cable entries.

5.2 Installation Procedure

Fig 2 illustrates the instrument installation procedure.

- Remove the instrument terminal cover by unscrewing the two captive 'A' screws.
- Mount the instrument on a flat surface and secure with two M6 screws through the 'B' holes. Alternatively use one of the mounting kits described in section 8.3
- Remove the temporary dust seals from the three cable entries and install the required glands, conduit fittings or blanking plugs.
Note: The temporary dust seals fitted for transit do not maintain the IP66 protection of the BA444DF-F enclosure.
Cable glands, conduit fittings, blanking plugs and cables must be suitable for continuous use at the maximum operating temperature of the instrument.
- Connect the field wiring to the terminals as shown in Fig 3.

- Replace the instrument terminal cover and evenly tighten the two 'A' screws.

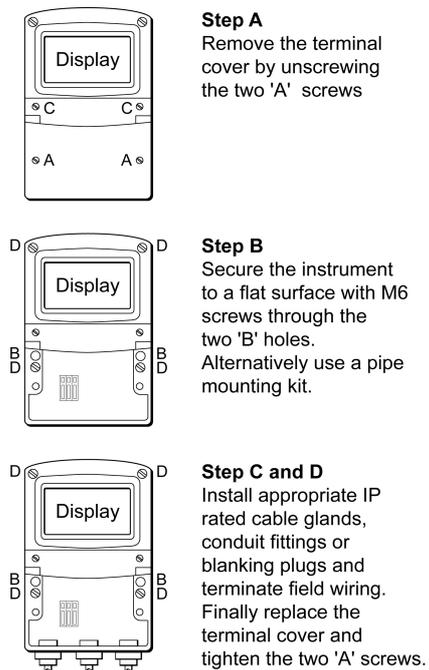


Fig 2 BA444DF-F installation procedure

5.3 EMC

The BA444DF-F complies with the requirements of the European EMC Directive 2004/108/EC. For specified immunity, all wiring should be in screened twisted pairs with the screens earthed at one point in the safe area.

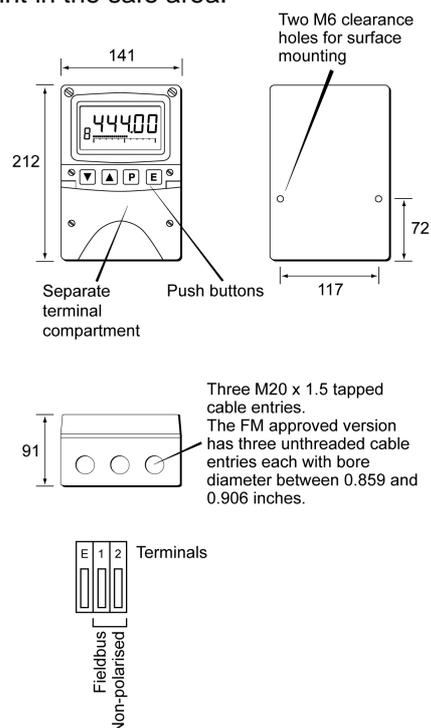


Fig 3 Dimensions and terminal connections

6. CONFIGURATION

The BA444DF-F 8 variable FOUNDATION™ fieldbus indicator may be configured as a fieldbus node or as a fieldbus listener. When used as a fieldbus node the indicator is configured via the fieldbus host. For detailed node conditioning information please refer to the BEKA FOUNDATION™ fieldbus Interface Guide which may be downloaded from www.beka.co.uk

As a fieldbus listener the BA444DF-F is not visible to the fieldbus host and can only be configured via the front panel push buttons using the menu shown in Fig 6.

Throughout this manual the four BA444DF-F push buttons are identified **P** **E** **▼** **▲** and legends displayed by the fieldbus indicator are shown within inverted commas e.g. 'CodE' and 'LiSt'.

6.1 Configuration menus

The configuration menu is separated into two sections, fieldbus node and fieldbus listener. Both contain the 'tYPE' function that enables transfer between the two. Unless otherwise requested when ordered, all FOUNDATION™ fieldbus BA444DF-F indicators are supplied as fieldbus nodes but can easily be reconfigured on-site.

6.2 Node configuration menu

The node configuration menu is shown in Fig 4. Access to the menu is obtained by operating the **P** and **E** buttons simultaneously. If the BA444DF-F is not protected by an access code the first parameter 'rESEt' will be displayed*. If the instrument is protected by an access code, 'CodE' will be displayed first. Pressing **P** will allow the four digit security code to be entered digit by digit using the **▼** or **▲** button to adjust the flashing digit and **P** to move control to the next digit. When the correct code has been entered, pressing **E** will cause the first parameter 'rESEt' to be displayed*. If an incorrect code is entered, or no button is pressed for ten seconds, the BA444DF-F will automatically return to the display mode.

* If the indicator displays 'SCAn' it is conditioned as a fieldbus listener, see section 6.3.13 to change it to a fieldbus node.

6.2.1 Reset the indicator to node factory defaults 'rESEt'

The BA444DF-F may be reset to the factory defaults that are shown below:

Security Code	0000 (disabled)
Device address	Unconfigured
Last variable	8

For each of the eight inputs:

Decimal point	XXX.XX
Bar Type	Left
Bar lower limit	0.0
Bar Upper limit	100.0
Gain	1.0
Offset	0.0

To reset the BA444DF-F select 'rESEt' in the configuration menu by operating the **▼** or **▲** button. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal '0000' with the left hand digit flashing. To prevent accidental use of this function, '5urE' must be entered to confirm that the instrument is to be reset.

Using the **▼** or **▲** button set the flashing digit to '5' and press the **P** button to move control to the next digit which should be set to 'u'. When the four letters of '5urE' have been entered operating the **E** button will reset the BA444DF-F to the factory defaults.

CAUTION

All the instrument's node configuration and links will be lost when it is reset.

6.2.2 Change from node to listener 'tYPE'

This function enables the instrument to be changed from a fieldbus node to a fieldbus listener. Select 'tYPE' in the node configuration menu using the **▼** or **▲** button. To enter the function press **P** which will show that the instrument is configured as a fieldbus node, to change to a fieldbus listener press the **▼** or **▲** button which will toggle the display to 'LStnr'. To prevent accidental changes this request must be confirmed by operating the **P** button and entering '5urE'. The instrument will display '0000' with the first digit flashing, using the **▼** or **▲** button set the flashing digit to '5' and press the **P** button to move control to the next digit which should be set to 'u'. When the four letters of '5urE' have been entered, operating the **E** button will cause the instrument to restart as a fieldbus listener in the display mode.

CAUTION

All the instrument's node configuration and links will be lost when it is changed from a fieldbus node to a fieldbus listener.

6.2.3 Access code for node configuration menu 'CodE'

Access to the node configuration menu may be protected by a four digit security code which must be entered to gain access. New instruments are supplied configured with the default code 0000 which disables this protection and allows unrestricted access to the configuration menu.

To enter a new access code select 'CodE' in the configuration menu by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press P which will reveal the current access code with one digit flashing. The code may be changed using the ▼ or ▲ button to adjust the flashing digit and the P button to move control to the next digit. When the required code has been selected, press E to enter the selection and return to the 'CodE' prompt in the configuration menu. The revised access code will be activated when the indicator is returned to the display mode.

If the access code is lost please contact BEKA associates.

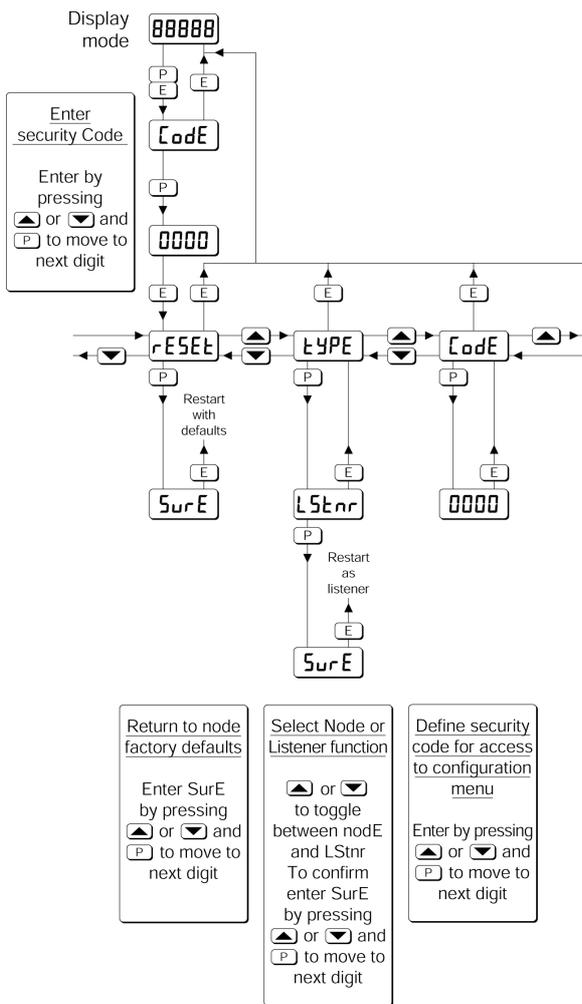


Fig 4 Node configuration menu

6.3 Listener configuration menu

The listener configuration menu is separated into three sections, 'SCAN', 'LIST' and 'Edit', plus three housekeeping functions 'CodE', 'tYPE' and 'rESEt' as shown in Fig 6.

'SCAN' is the simplest method of configuration if the fieldbus Device Address and Variable Identity of the data to be displayed by the BA444DF-F listener are not known.

In the 'SCAN' function pressing the P button causes the BA444DF-F indicator to search the fieldbus segment to which it is connected for all publishers. Fig 5 shows how the indicator displays the hexadecimal Device Address and Variable Identity associated with each publisher.

A **Publisher** is a device that places its output data onto the bus as part of a cyclical pre-determined data exchange schedule.

The **Device Address** is a unique address that identifies each fieldbus instrument connected to the bus.

The **Variable Identity** is the fieldbus device Data Link Connection End Point (DLCEP) which identifies each Function Block output (process variable) transmitted by a fieldbus device such as flow and temperature transmitted by a fieldbus flowmeter.

The ▼ and ▲ push buttons scroll the display through all the publishers on the segment showing the Device Address and Variable Identity for each one - see Fig 5. To aid identification, operating the P button will preview the value of the data at each selected address, if required it may then be allocated to one of the eight BA444DF-F listener inputs in-1, to in-8 by operating the P button again. If the format of the data at the selected Device Address and Variable Identity is not DS-65 (float + status) 'no dAt' will be displayed.

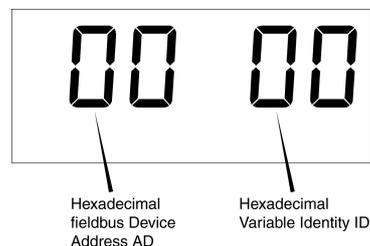


Fig 5 Device Address and Variable Identity

If the Device Address and Variable Identity of the process variable to be displayed by the BA444DF-F indicator are known, they may be directly entered via the edit sub-menu. This sub-menu also provides full control of both the numeric and bargraph display parameters.

6.3.1 Access

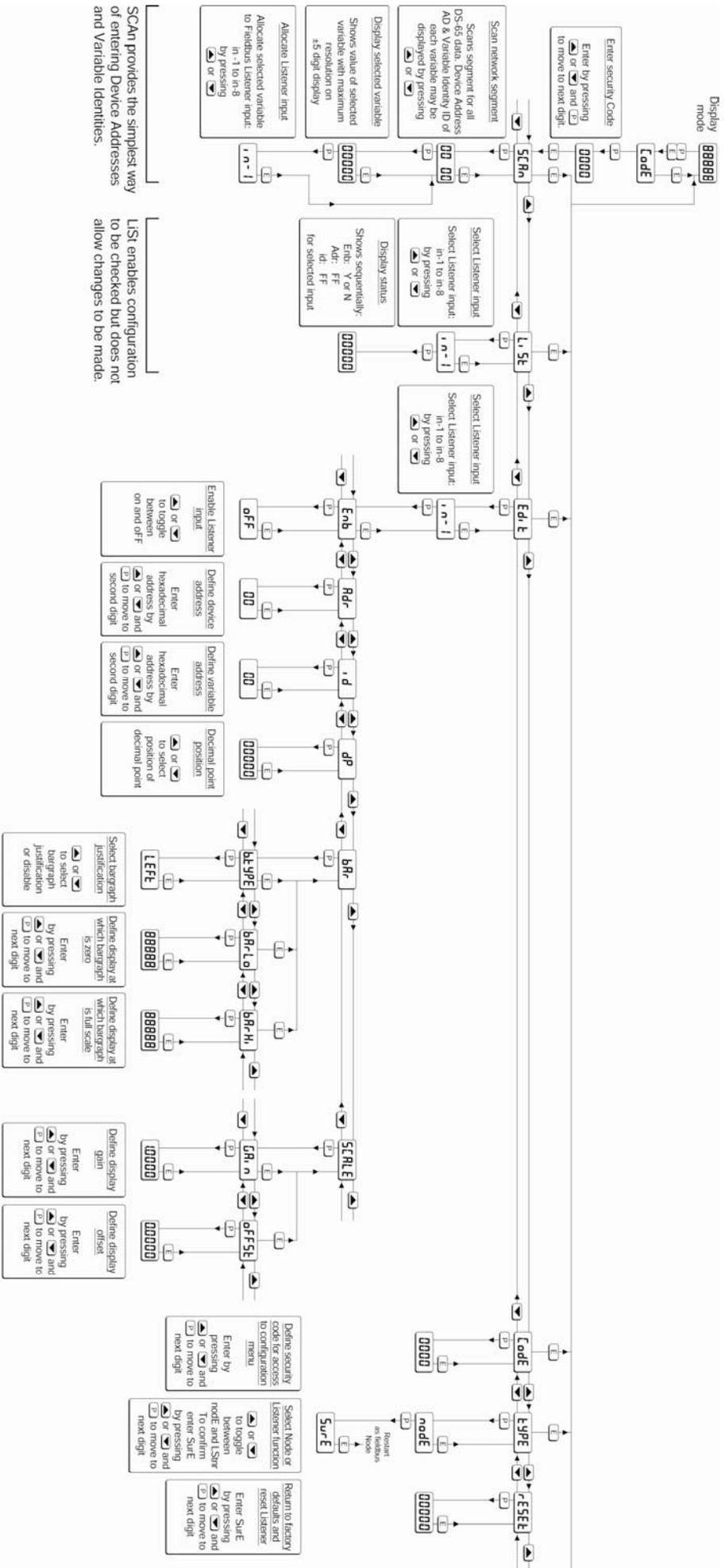
Access to the listener configuration menu is obtained by operating the **P** and **E** buttons simultaneously. If the BA444DF-F is not protected by an access code the first parameter 'SCAN' will be displayed.* If the indicator is protected by an access code, 'CodE' will be displayed first. Pressing **P** will allow the four digit security code to be entered digit by digit using the ▼ or ▲ button to adjust the flashing digit and **P** to move control to the next digit. When the correct code has been entered, pressing **E** will cause the first parameter 'SCAN' to be displayed.* If an incorrect code is entered, or no button is pressed for ten seconds, the indicator will automatically return to the display mode.

* If the indicator displays 'rESET' it is conditioned as a fieldbus node, see section 6.2.2 to change it to a fieldbus listener.

6.3.2 Summary of listener configuration functions.

This section contains a summary of all the listener configuration functions including a reference to more detailed information. It should be read in conjunction with Fig 6.

Indicator display	Summary of function
'SCAN'	Scan fieldbus segment Identifies all publishers on the fieldbus segment to which the listener is connected and enables selected data to be allocated to one of the eight listener inputs. See section 6.3.3
'LiSt'	List configured input parameters For each of the eight BA444DF-F listener input, in-1 to in-8 shows if the input is enabled and the allocated Device Address and Variable Identity. Parameters can not be changed from within this function. See section 6.3.4
'Edit'	Enter addresses and display parameters Contains six sub-functions that enable known fieldbus Device Address and Variable Identity to be entered and all display parameters adjusted for each of the eight fieldbus listener inputs. See section 6.3.5
'Enb'	Enable listener input Each of the eight listener inputs in-1 to in-8 may be enabled or disabled without affecting any parameters. See section 6.3.6
'Adr'	Enter fieldbus Device Address Allows hexadecimal fieldbus device address for each of the eight listener inputs in-1 to in-8 to be entered. See section 6.3.7
'id'	Enter Variable Identity Allows hexadecimal Variable Identity for each listener input in-1 to in-8 to be entered. See section 6.3.8
'dP'	Decimal point position Defines position of displayed decimal point for each listener input in-1 to in-8. See section 6.3.9
'bAr'	Configuration of bargraph display. Defines bargraph type, plus digital display at which bargraph is zero and full scale for each listener input in-1 to in-8. See section 6.3.10
'SCALE'	Scale numeric display Applies zero offset and scale factor to the numeric display for each listener input in-1 to in-8. See section 6.3.11
'CodE'	Access code for listener configuration menu Enters a four digit security access code for configuration menu. Default code 0000 disables this function. See section 6.3.12
'tYPE'	Change from listener to node Changes the function of the fieldbus indicator from a listener to a node. See section 6.3.13
'rESET'	Reset Returns the BA444DF-F listener to factory defaults. See section 6.3.14



SCAN provides the simplest way of entering Device Addresses and Variable Identities.

LISI enables configuration to be checked but does not allow changes to be made.

Edit allows Device Addresses and Variable Identities to be entered in hexadecimal and all parameters to be adjusted.

Fig 6 Listener Configuration menu

6.3.3 Scan fieldbus segment ‘SCAN’

If the Device Address and Variable Identity of a process variable are not known, the ‘SCAN’ function provides a simple way to identify them. This function scans the fieldbus segment to which the BA444DF-F indicator is connected and identifies all the publishers. To aid identification it enables the value of each process variable to be pre-viewed and, if required, allocated to one of the eight BA444DF-F Fieldbus indicator inputs.

The BA444DF-F indicator only supports DS-65 formatted data (float + status) which is the usual format for analogue process variables. The ‘SCAN’ function will identify all publishers on the segment irrespective of format, but when pre-viewed, non DS-65 formatted data will produce a ‘no dAt’ error message.

‘SCAN’ is the first function displayed when entering the listener configuration menu, or it may be selected from within the menu by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. To scan the fieldbus segment to which the indicator is connected for all published data press **P** which will reveal the hexadecimal Device Address and Variable Identity of the first publisher found as shown in Fig 5. If there is more than one publisher operating the ▼ or ▲ button will scroll through all of them.

If no cyclic data is being published on the fieldbus segment the BA444DF-F indicator will display ‘noPub’.

When the Device Address and Variable Identity of a process variable is being displayed, pressing **P** will preview the value of the process variable displayed with maximum resolution on the five digit display. If this confirms that it is one of the process variables to be displayed, it may be allocated to one of the eight BA444DF-F listener inputs in-1 to in-8.

To select the required indicator input press **P** to display the first input in-1, operating the ▼ or ▲ button will scroll the display through the other inputs. When the required input is displayed pressing **E** will allocate the selected process variable to the selected input and return the display to the Device Address and Variable Identity from which another process variable may be selected.

When a process variable is allocated to a indicator input any previous allocation will be overwritten.

6.3.4 List configured input parameters ‘LiSt’

The ‘LiSt’ function enables the Device Address and Variable Identity allocated to each lindicator input to be viewed without danger of it being accidentally changed.

The ‘LiSt’ function may be selected from within the menu by operating ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will display the indicator input currently selected in the display mode, other inputs may be selected using the ▼ or ▲ button. Operating the **P** button will cause the following parameters for the selected input to be displayed sequentially:

Display	Explanation
‘Enb: Y or N’	Input Enabled yes or no
‘Adr: 00’	Device Address
‘id: 00’	Variable Identity

The display then automatically returns to the selected BA444DF-F indicator input from where another input may be selected.

If one of the eight BA444DF-F indicator’s inputs in-1 to in-8 has not had a Device Address and Variable Identity allocated to it, ‘LiSt’ will show both as invalid address FF.

6.3.5 Enter address & display parameters ‘Edit’

The ‘Edit’ function may be selected from within the menu by operating ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will display the indicator input currently selected in the display mode, other listener inputs may be selected using the ▼ or ▲ button. When the required input has been selected operating the **P** button will enter the edit sub-menu at ‘Enb’ for the selected input.

6.3.6 Enable selected input ‘Enb’

‘Enb’ turns the indicator input selected in the Edit function on or off without affecting the conditioning. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal whether the selected input is ‘on’ or ‘oFF’. Operating the ▼ or ▲ buttons will toggle between the two conditions. When set as required operating the **E** button will enter the selection and return to the edit sub-menu.

6.3.7 Enter Device Address 'Adr'

This function allows a known fieldbus Device Address to be entered and allocated to the indicator input selected in the Edit function. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal the existing two digit hexadecimal address with one digit flashing which may be changed by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. When set as required operating the **P** button will transfer control to the second digit that may be adjusted in the same way. When both digits are set as required operating the **E** button will enter the selection and return to the 'Adr' prompt in the edit sub-menu.

6.3.8 Enter Variable Identity 'id'

Enables a known Variable Identity to be entered and allocated to the indicator input selected in the Edit function. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal the existing two digit hexadecimal address with one digit flashing which may be changed by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. When set as required operating the **P** button will transfer control to the second digit that may be adjusted in the same way. When both digits are set as required operating the **E** button will enter the selection and return to the 'id' prompt in the edit sub-menu.

6.3.9 Decimal point position 'dP'

Defines the position the decimal point in the numeric display. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal the existing decimal point position. Operating the ▼ or ▲ button will move the decimal point to the required position, omit it, or activate all the decimal points which automatically provides maximum resolution in the display mode irrespective of the numeric value. When positioned as required, operating the **E** button will enter the selection and return to the 'dP' prompt in the edit sub-menu.

6.3.10 Configuration of bargraph display 'bAr'

This function contains three sub-functions that enable the bargraph, justify its position and define the relationship between the bargraph and the instrument's numeric display.

Sub-function 'b.tYPE' allows the bargraph to be left, centre or right justified, or to be turned off. Sub-functions 'bArLo' and 'bArHi' define the listener's numeric display at which the bargraph starts and is at full scale.

The 'bAr' function may be selected from within the edit sub-menu by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will display the 'b.tYPE' sub-function, pressing **P** again will reveal the existing bargraph justification.

The ▼ or ▲ button will scroll through the four options, when the required justification is displayed, pressing **E** will enter the selection and return the display to the 'b.tYPE' prompt in the edit sub-menu from which 'bArLo' may be selected using the ▼ or ▲ button.

'bArLo' defines the indicator's numeric display at which the bargraph starts, to enter the function press **P** which will reveal the existing setting. The display may be changed using the ▼ or ▲ button to adjust the flashing digit and the **P** button to move control to the next digit. When the required starting display has been selected, press **E** to return to the 'bArLo' prompt in the edit sub-menu from which the 'bArHi' function may be selected.

'bArHi' defines the indicator's numeric display at which the bargraph is full scale, to enter the function press **P** which will reveal the existing setting. The display may be changed using the ▼ or ▲ button to adjust the flashing digit and the **P** button to move control to the next digit. When the required display has been selected, press **E** twice to enter the new values and return to the 'bAr' prompt in the edit sub-menu.

Note: If the 'dP' function has been set to provide automatic maximum resolution irrespective of the displayed value, it may be necessary to manually position the decimal point before adjusting 'bArLo' or 'bArHi'. This can be achieved by repeatedly operating the **P** button until the activated decimal point flashes, the decimal point can then be positioned using either the ▼ or ▲ button. Pressing the **P** button again will return control to one of the digits.

6.3.11 Scale numeric display 'SCALE'

A scaling factor 'Gain' and an offset 'oFFSt' may be applied to the fieldbus process variable using this function, thus allowing the indicator to display the fieldbus process variable in alternative units.

The 'SCALE' function may be selected from within the edit sub-menu by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will display the 'GAin' sub-function, pressing **P** again will reveal the existing gain with one digit flashing. This flashing digit may be changed by operating the ▼ or ▲ button; when adjusted the **P** button will move control to the next digit or to the decimal point which can be positioned using the ▼ or ▲ button. When 'GAin' has been set to the required value operating the **E** button will enter the selection and return to the 'GAin' prompt in the sub-menu from where the 'oFFSt' function can be selected using the ▼ or ▲ button.

To enter the 'oFFSt' function press **P** which will reveal the existing offset with one digit flashing. Again the flashing digit may be changed by operating the ▼ or ▲ button and the **P** button will move control to the next digit or to the decimal point. When 'oFFSt' has been set to the required value operating the **E** button will enter the selection and return to the 'oFFSt' prompt in the sub-menu. Three operations of the **E** button will return to the 'Edit' function in the listener configuration menu.

6.3.12 Access code for listener configuration menu. 'CodE'

Access to the listener menu may be protected by a four digit security code which must be entered to gain access. New instruments are supplied configured with the default code 0000 which disables this protection and allows unrestricted access to the configuration menu.

To enter a new access code select 'CodE' in the listener configuration menu by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal the current access code with one digit flashing. The code may be changed using the ▼ or ▲ button to adjust the flashing digit and the **P** button to move control to the next digit. When the required code has been selected, press **E** to enter the selection and return to the 'CodE' prompt in the listener configuration menu. The revised access code will be activated when the indicator is returned to the display mode.

If the access code is lost please contact BEKA associates.

6.3.13 Change from listener to node 'tYPE'

This function enables the instrument to be changed from a fieldbus listener to a fieldbus node by selecting 'tYPE' in the listener configuration menu using the ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will show that the instrument is configured as a fieldbus listener, to change to a fieldbus node press the ▼ or ▲ button which will toggle the display to 'nodE'. To prevent accidental changes this request must be confirmed by operating the **P** button and entering '5urE'. The instrument will display '0000' with the first digit flashing, using the ▼ or ▲ button set the flashing digit to '5' and press the **P** button to move control to the next digit which should be set to 'u'. When the four letters of '5urE' have been entered, operating the **E** button will cause the instrument to restart as a fieldbus node in the display mode.

CAUTION

All the instrument's listener configuration will be lost when it is changed from a fieldbus listener to a fieldbus node.

6.3.14 Reset the indicator to listener factory defaults 'rESEt'

The BA444DF-F indicator may be reset to the listener factory defaults shown below:

Security Code	0000 (disabled)
---------------	-----------------

For each of the eight inputs:

Input enable	Off
Decimal point	Auto (maximum resolution)
Bar Type	Left
Bar lower limit	0.0
Bar Upper limit	100.0
Gain	1.0
Offset	0.0

To reset the BA444DF-F indicator to the listener factory defaults select 'rESEt' in the listener configuration menu by operating the ▼ or ▲ button. To enter the function press **P** which will reveal '0000' with the left hand digit flashing. To prevent accidental use of this function, '5urE' must be entered to confirm that the instrument is to be reset.

Using the ▼ or ▲ button set the flashing digit to '5' and press the **P** button to move control to the next digit which should be set to 'u'. When the four letters of '5urE' have been entered operating the **E** button will reset the BA444DF-F to the factory defaults. Any existing configuration and addresses will be lost when the indicator is reset.

7. MAINTENANCE

7.1 Fault finding during commissioning

If a BA444DF-F indicator fails to function during commissioning the following procedure should be followed:

Symptom	Cause	Check:
No Display	Instrument not correctly connected or powered.	9 to 22V between terminals 1 & 2.
When configured as a listener displays 'no ConF'	No inputs are enabled.	Configuration of each input.
When configures as a listener displays 'no dAtA'	No data being received with the current configuration.	Device Address and Variable Identities are correct. That data has DS-65 format.
Display shows '9.9.9.9.9' with all decimal points flashing; all bargraph segments activated and bargraph scale flashing.	Value over-range	Configuration. and decimal point position.
Display shows '-9.9.9.9.9' with all decimal points flashing; no bargraph segments activated and bargraph scale flashing.	Value under-range	Configuration And decimal point position.
Display alternates between value and the word 'bAd'. Bargraph flashes.	Status of fieldbus variable has a quality of 'BAD' or a fault state is active.	Fieldbus configuration.
Bargraph scale flashes.	Process variable is outside the limits defined for the bargraph.	Bargraph configuration.
All display segments activated.	Display is initialising.	This is normal operation, after a few seconds the model number followed by the firmware version will be displayed prior to entering the display mode.

7.2 Fault finding after commissioning

ENSURE PLANT SAFETY BEFORE STARTING MAINTENANCE

Live maintenance is permitted on intrinsically safe equipment installed in a hazardous area, but only certified test equipment should be used unless a gas clearance certificate is available.

If a BA444DF-F fails after it has been functioning correctly, the table shown in section 7.1 may help to identify the cause of the failure.

If this procedure does not reveal the cause of the fault, it is recommended that the instrument is replaced.

7.3 Servicing

We recommend that faulty BA444DF-F Fieldbus indicators are returned to BEKA associates or to our local agent for repair.

7.4 Routine maintenance

The mechanical and electrical condition of the instrument should be regularly checked. Initially annual inspections are recommended, but the inspection frequency should be adjusted to suit the environmental conditions.

7.5 Guarantee

Instruments which fail within the guarantee period should be returned to BEKA associates or our local agent. It is helpful if a brief description of the fault symptoms is provided.

7.6 Customer comments

BEKA associates is always pleased to receive comments from customers about our products and services. All communications are acknowledged and whenever possible, suggestions are implemented.

8. ACCESSORIES

8.1 Scale and tag marking

BA444DF-F indicators are fitted with a blank escutcheon around the liquid crystal display. If specified when the instrument is ordered, this can be supplied printed with units of measurement and tag information, plus a scale for the horizontal bargraph. Alternatively, information may be added on-site via an embossed strip, dry transfer or a permanent marker.

If separate units of measurement or identification are required for each process variable this can be provided on the tag plate see 8.2

To gain access to the display escutcheon remove the terminal cover by unscrewing the two 'A' screws which will reveal two concealed 'D' screws. Unscrew all four 'D' screws and carefully lift off the front of the instrument. The location of these screws is shown in Fig 2.

After adding the required legends, or fitting a new pre-printed self-adhesive escutcheon, ensure that the gasket is correctly positioned before reassembling the instrument enclosure.

8.2 Tag plate

The BA444DF-F can be supplied with a blank or custom laser marked stainless steel plate secured by two screws to the front of the instrument enclosure. This plate can accommodate:

- 1 row of 9 alphanumeric characters 10mm high
- or 1 row of 11 alphanumeric characters 7mm high
- or 2 rows of 18 alphanumeric characters 5mm high.
- or 8 cells each containing units of measurement or identification for one of the 8 inputs.

1 °C TANK 1	2 % FULL TANK 1	3 °C TANK 2	4 % FULL TANK 2
5 mbar TANK 1	6 RPM TANK 1	7 mbar TANK 2	8 RPM TANK 2

Fig 7 Typical 8 cell tag plate

8.3 Pipe mounting kits

Two pipe mounting kits are available for securing the BA444DF-F to a horizontal or vertical pipe.

- BA392D Stainless steel bracket secured by two worm drive hose clips for 60 to 80mm outside diameter pipes.
- BA393 Heavy-duty stainless steel bracket secured by a single 'V' bolt. Will clamp to any pipe with an outside diameter between 40 and 80mm.

**APPENDIX 1
ATEX dust certification**

A1.0 ATEX dust certification

In addition to ATEX certification permitting installation in explosive gas atmospheres which is described in the main section of this instruction manual, the BA444DF-F is available with optional ATEX certification permitting use in the presence of combustible dusts. If ATEX dust certification is required it must be requested when the BA444DF-F fieldbus listener is purchased.

WARNING

Before installing a BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator in the presence of a combustible dust, ensure that the certification information label, which is located on the top of the instrument, specifies dust certification – see section A1.2

A1.1 Zones and Maximum Surface Temperature

The BA444DF-F has been ATEX certified as Group II, Category 1D Ex iaD 20 T100°C IP66 apparatus Tamb = -20 to 60°C. When installed as specified by EN 61241-14 'Electrical apparatus for use in the presence of combustible dust – Selection and installation', the fieldbus listener may be installed in:

- Zone 20 explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is continuously present, or for long periods or frequently.
- Zone 21 explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is likely to occur occasionally in normal operation.
- Zone 22 explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is not likely to occur in normal operation, but if it does occur, will only persist for a short period.

Be used with dusts having a Minimum Ignition Temperature of:

Dust cloud 150°C

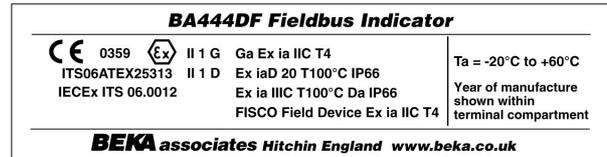
Dust layer on BA444DF-F 175°C up to 5mm thick

Dust layer on BA444DF-F Refer to over 5mm thick. EN 61241-14

At an ambient temperature between –20 and +60°C

A1.2 Certification Label Information

The certification label is fitted in a recess on the top outer surface of the enclosure. It shows details of the ATEX dust certification including the maximum surface temperature and ingress protection plus BEKA associates name and location. IECEx dust approval information is also shown, non-European certification information may also be included.



The instrument serial number and date of manufacture are recorded on a separate label inside the terminal compartment.

A1.3 Installation & maintenance

The ATEX dust certification relies on the Fieldbus listener enclosure being dust-tight. Therefore the terminal cover should only be removed when dust can not enter the instrument enclosure. Before replacing the terminal cover ensure that the sealing gaskets are undamaged and are free from foreign bodies.

APPENDIX 2
FM Approval for use in the USA and
cFM Approval for use in Canada

A2.0 Factory Mutual Approval

For installations in the USA and Canada, a version of the BA444DF-F is available with FM and cFM intrinsic safety and nonincendive approval, project identifications 3027031 and 3027031C. Copies of the Certificates of Compliance are available from BEKA associates sales office and www.beka.co.uk

The FM and cFM Approved version is identical to the ATEX version except the three M20 x 1,5 tapped cable entries are replaced by three plain unthreaded 22.25mm diameter entries. Approved hubs and glands are listed in note 6 of Intrinsically Safe Control Drawing CI410-12 and note 5 of Nonincendive Control Drawing CI410-13. The certification label on the FM and cFM Approved version includes ATEX gas certification information so that the fieldbus indicator may be used in systems covered by either authority.

A2.1 Intrinsic safety approval

The BA444DF-F is approved to FM Class 3610 intrinsic safety standard for use in indoor and outdoor hazardous (classified) locations. Installations must comply with BEKA associates Control Drawing CI410-12, which is attached to this Appendix, ANSI/ISA RP12.06.01 'Installation of Intrinsically Safe Systems for Hazardous (Classified) Locations' and with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA70.

Canadian installations must comply with the Canadian Electrical Code C22.2 and with BEKA associates Control Drawing CI410-12, which is attached to this Appendix.

The BA444DF-F has a T4 rating at ambient temperatures up to +70°C and may be used with the following gases and dusts:

Intrinsic Safety	
Division 1 or 2	
Class I	Group A & B Group C Group D
Class II	Group E, F & G
Class III	
Zone 0, 1 or 2	
Class 1	Group IIC Group IIB Group IIA

The FM and cFM entity parameters are identical to the ATEX parameters and, like the ATEX certification, confirm that the BA444DF-F complies with the FISCO Field Device requirements specified in IEC60079-27. The intrinsically safe system shown in Fig 1 of this manual may therefore be used for installations in the USA and Canada, providing the fieldbus power supply, terminators, Zener barriers and galvanic isolators are FM Approved for US installations and cFM or CSA Approved for Canadian installations. All installations must comply with BEKA associates Control Drawing CI410-12.

FM and cFM Approvals also allows the BA444DF-F to be connected to non-FISCO systems using the entity concept – see section 4.2 of this manual.

A2.2 Nonincendive approval

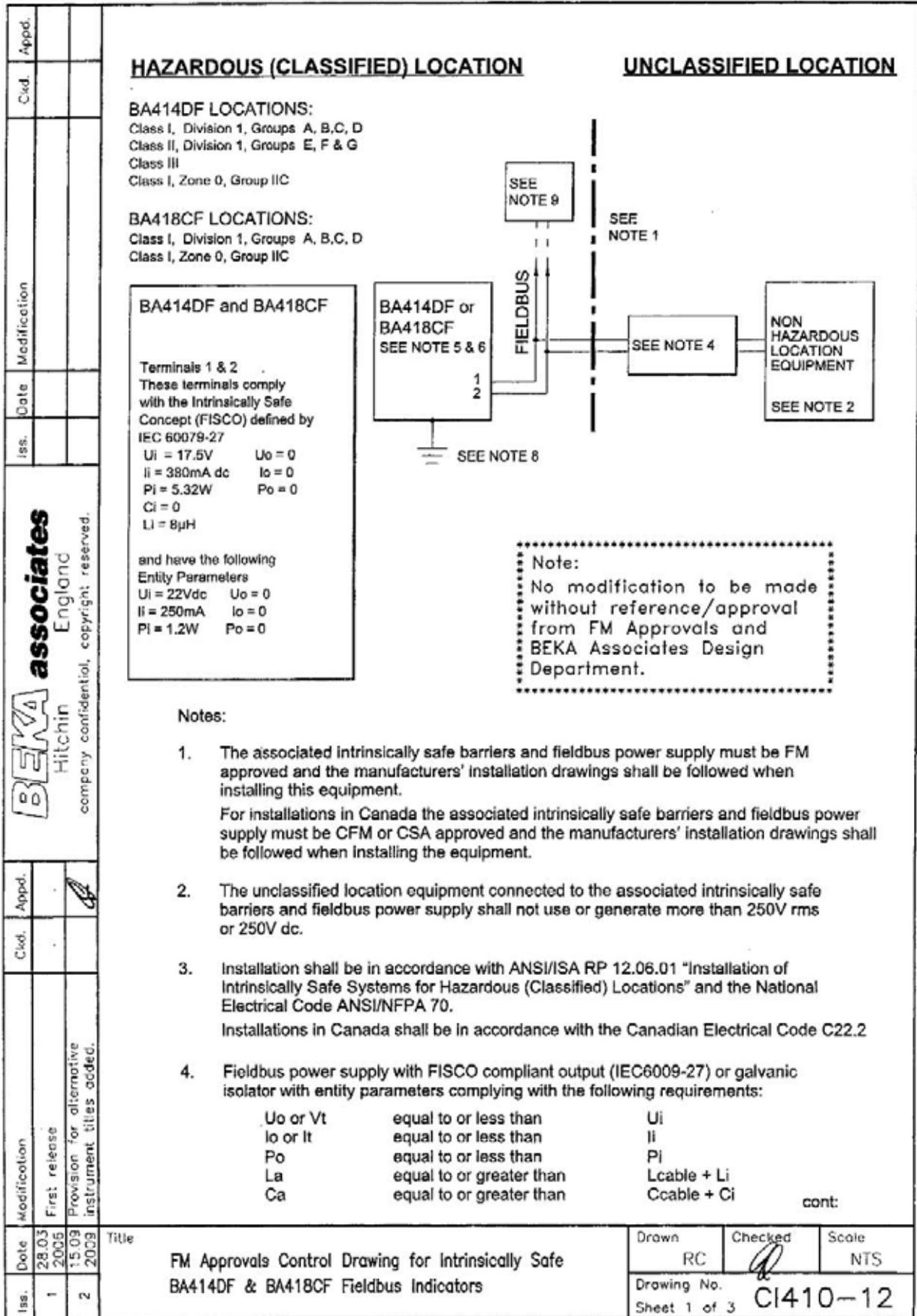
The BA444DF-F is FM Class 3611 nonincendive approved allowing it to be installed in Division 2 indoor and outdoor hazardous (classified) locations without the need for Zener barriers or galvanic isolators. US installations must comply with the BEKA associates Control Drawing CI410-13, which is attached to this Appendix, and with the National Electrical Code ANSI/NFPA70.

Canadian nonincendive installations must comply with the Canadian Electrical Code C22.2 and with BEKA associates Control Drawing CI410-13, which is attached to this Appendix.

The FM and cFM Nonincendive Approvals also allow the BA444DF-F fieldbus listener to be connected to any appropriately certified FNICO compliant fieldbus segment.

The BA444DF-F has a T4 rating at ambient temperatures up to +70°C and may be used with the following gases and dusts:

Nonincendive	
Division 2	
Class I	Group A & B Group C Group D
Class II	Groups E, F & G
Class III	
Zone 2	
Class I	Group IIC Group IIB Group IIA



Includes BA444DF see note 11

Iss.		Date		Modification		Ckd.		Appd.			
1		28.03.2005		First release							
2		15.09.2009		Provision for alternative instrument titles added.							
<p style="text-align: center;">BEVA associates Hitchin England company confidential, copyright reserved.</p>											
<p>12. The BA418CF may alternatively be titled: BA448CF Fieldbus Indicator BA448CL Fieldbus Listener BA428CF Fieldbus Set Point Station</p> <p>FISCO Rules</p> <p>The FISCO Concept allows the interconnection of intrinsically safe apparatus to associated apparatus not specifically examined in such combination. The criterion for such interconnection is that the voltage (Vmax), the current (Imax) and the power (Pmax) which intrinsically safe apparatus can receive and remain intrinsically safe, considering faults, must be equal or greater than the voltage (Uo, Voc or Vt), the current (Io, Isc or It) and the power (Po) which can be provided by the associated apparatus (supply unit). In addition the maximum unprotected residual capacitance (Ci) and inductance (Li) of each apparatus (other than terminators) connected to the Fieldbus must be less than or equal to 5nF and 10uH respectively.</p> <p>In each I.S. Fieldbus segment only one active source, normally the associated apparatus, is allowed to provide the necessary power for the Fieldbus system. The allowed voltage (Uo, Voc or Vt) of the associated apparatus used to supply the bus cable must be limited to the range 14Vdc to 24Vdc. All other equipment connected to the bus cable has to be passive, meaning that the apparatus is not allowed to provide energy to the system, except a leakage current of 50µA for each connected device. Separately powered equipment needs galvanic isolation to ensure the intrinsically safety Fieldbus circuit remains passive.</p> <p>The cable used to interconnect the devices needs to comply with the following parameters: Loop resistance R': 15....150Ω/km Inductance per unit length L':0.4....1mH/km</p> <p>Capacitance per unit length C': 80....200nF/km C' = C' line/line+0.5 C' line/screen, if both lines are floating or C' = C' line/line + C'line/screen, if the screen is connected to one line.</p> <p>Length of spur cable: max. 30m Length of trunk cable: max. 1km Length of splice: max = 1m</p> <p>Terminators At the end of each trunk cable an FM Approved line terminator with the following parameters is suitable: R= 90....100Ω C = 02.2µF</p> <p>System evaluation The number of passive devices like transmitters, actuators, connected to a single bus segment is not limited due to I.S. reasons. Furthermore, if the above rules are respected, the inductance and the capacitance of the cable need not be considered and will not impair the intrinsic safety of the installation.</p> <p>Notes. 1. The intrinsic safety FISCO concept allows the interconnection of FM Approved Intrinsically Safe devices with FISCO parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when: U_o or V_{oc} or $V_t \leq V_{max}$, I_o, I_{sc} or $I_t \leq I_{max}$, $P_o \leq P_i$.</p> <p>For Canadian installations the intrinsic safety FISCO concept allows the interconnection of CFM or CSA Approved Intrinsically Safe devices with FISCO parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when: U_o or V_{oc} or $V_t \leq V_{max}$, I_o, I_{sc} or $I_t \leq I_{max}$, $P_o \leq P_i$.</p>											
Date						Drawn		Checked		Scale	
28.03.2005						RC				NTS	
Title						Drawing No.		Sheet 3			
FM Approvals Control Drawing for Intrinsically Safe BA414DF & BA418CF Fieldbus Indicators						CI410-12					

Includes BA444DF see note 11

Iss.	Date	Modification	Ckd.	Appd.																		
1	28.03.2006	First release																				
2	15.09.2009	Provision for alternative instrument titles added.																				
 <p>BEMA associates Hilchin England company confidential, copyright reserved.</p>																						
Iss.	Date	Modification	Ckd.	Appd.																		
<p>38. FNICO non-linear power supply A FNICO non-linear fieldbus power supply shall be: FM Approved Associated Nonincendive Field Wiring Apparatus installed in the unclassified location complying with the following table: For Canadian Installations apparatus shall be CFM or CSA approved. OR FM Approved Nonincendive Field Wiring Apparatus installed in the classified location complying with the following table: For Canadian Installations apparatus shall be CFM or CSA approved.</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Voc</th> <th>Maximum current for Groups AB [IIC]</th> <th>Maximum current for Groups CD [IIB, IIA]</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>V</td> <td>mA</td> <td>mA</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14</td> <td>274</td> <td>570</td> </tr> <tr> <td>15</td> <td>199</td> <td>531</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16</td> <td>154</td> <td>432</td> </tr> <tr> <td>17.5</td> <td>121</td> <td>360</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Voc	Maximum current for Groups AB [IIC]	Maximum current for Groups CD [IIB, IIA]	V	mA	mA	14	274	570	15	199	531	16	154	432	17.5	121	360
Voc	Maximum current for Groups AB [IIC]	Maximum current for Groups CD [IIB, IIA]																				
V	mA	mA																				
14	274	570																				
15	199	531																				
16	154	432																				
17.5	121	360																				
<p>4. To maintain IP66 protection between the BA418CF and the mounting panel: Four panel mounting clips should be used Minimum panel thickness should be 2mm (0.08inches) Steel 3mm (0.12inches) Aluminium Outside panel finish should be smooth, free from particle inclusions, runs or build-up around cut-out. Panel cut-out should be 66.2 x 136.0mm -0.0 +0.5 (2.60 x 5.35 inches -0.00 +0.02) Edges of panel cut-out should be deburred and clean Each panel mounting clip should be tightened to between: 20 and 22cNm (1.77 to 1.95 inLb)</p>																						
Cont.																						
Iss.	Date	Modification	Ckd.	Appd.																		
1	28.03.2006	First release																				
2	15.09.2009	Provision for alternative instrument titles added.																				
<p>Title: FM Approvals Control Drawing for Nonincendive BA414DF & BA418CF Fieldbus Indicators</p>																						
Drawn		Checked		Scale																		
RC				NTS																		
Drawing No.		C1410-13																				
Sheet 2																						

Includes BA444DF see note 10

Iss.		Date		Modification		Ckd.		Appd.					
1		28.03.2006		First release									
2		15.09.2009		Provision for alternative instrument titles added.									
													
<p>FNICO Rules</p> <p>The FNICO Concept allows the interconnection of intrinsically safe apparatus to associated apparatus not specifically examined in such combination. The criterion for such interconnection is that the voltage (V_{max}), the current (I_{max}) and the power (P_{max}) which intrinsically safe apparatus can receive and remain intrinsically safe, considering faults, must be equal or greater than the voltage (U_0, V_{oc} or V_t), the current (I_0, I_{sc} or I_t) and the power (P_0) which can be provided by the associated apparatus (supply unit). In addition the maximum unprotected residual capacitance (C_i) and inductance (L_i) of each apparatus (other than terminators) connected to the Fieldbus must be less than or equal to 5nF and 20uH respectively.</p> <p>In each I.S. Fieldbus segment only one active source, normally the associated apparatus, is allowed to provide the necessary power for the Fieldbus system. The allowed voltage (U_0, V_{oc} or V_t) of the associated apparatus used to supply the bus cable must be limited to the range 14Vdc to 17.5Vdc. All other equipment connected to the bus cable has to be passive, meaning that the apparatus is not allowed to provide energy to the system, except a leakage current of 50µA for each connected device. Separately powered equipment needs galvanic isolation to ensure the intrinsically safety Fieldbus circuit remains passive.</p> <p>The cable used to interconnect the devices needs to comply with the following parameters: Loop resistance R': 15....150Ω/km Inductance per unit length L': 0.4....1mH/km Capacitance per unit length C': 80....200nF/km $C' = C' \text{ line/line} + 0.5 C' \text{ line/screen}$, if both lines are floating or $C' = C' \text{ line/line} + C' \text{ line/screen}$, if the screen is connected to one line. Length of spur cable: max. 30m Length of trunk cable: max. 1km Length of splice: max = 1m Terminators At the end of each trunk cable an FM Approved line terminator with the following parameters is suitable: $R = 90...100\Omega$ $C = 0....2.2\mu F$</p> <p>System evaluation The number of passive devices like transmitters, actuators, connected to a single bus segment is not limited due to nonincendive reasons. Furthermore, if the above rules are respected, the inductance and the capacitance of the cable need not be considered and will not impair the intrinsic safety of the installation.</p> <p>Notes. 1. The FNICO concept allows the interconnection of FM Approved nonincendive devices with FNICO parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when: U_0 or V_{oc} or $V_t \leq V_{max}$.</p> <p>For Canadian installations the FNICO concept allows the interconnection of CFM or CSA Approved nonincendive devices with FNICO parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when: U_0 or V_{oc} or $V_t \leq V_{max}$.</p>													
Date						Title		Drawn		Checked		Scale	
28.03.2006						FM Approvals Control Drawing for Nonincendive BA414DF & BA418CF Fieldbus Indicators		RC				NTS	
15.09.2009								Drawing No.		CI410-13			
								Sheet 4					

Includes BA444DF see note 10

APPENDIX 3 IECEX Certification

A3.0 The IECEx Certification Scheme

IECEX is a global certification scheme for explosion protected products which aims to harmonise international certification standards. For additional information about the IECEx certification scheme and to view the BEKA associate certificates, please visit www.iecex.com

A3.1 IECEx Certificate of Conformity for use in an explosive gas atmospheres

The BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator has been issued with an IECEx Certificate of Conformity number IECEx ITS 06.0012 which specifies the following certification codes and marking:

Ex ia IIC T4 Ga
FISCO Field Device Ex ia IIC T4
Ta = -40°C to 70 °C

When connected to a certified IECEx system the BA444DF-F may be installed in:

Zone 0	explosive gas air mixture continuously present.
Zone 1	explosive gas air mixture likely to occur in normal operation.
Zone 2	explosive gas air mixture not likely to occur, and if it does will only exist for a short time.

Be used with gases in groups:

- Group A propane
- Group B ethylene
- Group C hydrogen

Having a temperature classification of:

T1	450°C
T2	300°C
T3	200°C
T4	135°C

At an ambient temperature between -40 and +70°C.

A3.1.1 Installation in an explosive gas atmosphere

For installations in gas atmospheres the BA444DF-F IECEx and ATEX certifications have identical intrinsic safety parameters and installation requirements. The ATEX system design requirements described in section 4 of this manual may therefore be used for IECEx installations in gas atmospheres, but the local code of practice should also be consulted.

A3.2 IECEx Certificate of Conformity Use in presence of combustible dusts

In addition to IECEx certification permitting installation in explosive gas atmospheres, the BA444DF-F is available with optional IECEx certification permitting use in the presence of combustible dusts.

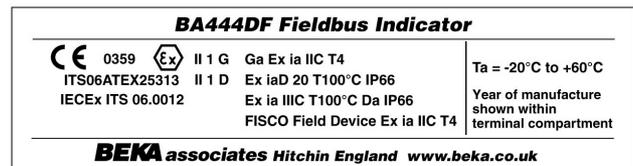
The IECEx Certificate of Conformity specifies the following certification codes and marking:

Ex ia IIC T100°C Da IP66
Ta = -20°C to 60 °C

If IECEx dust certification is required it must be requested when the BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator is purchased.

WARNING

Before installing a BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator in the presence of a combustible dust, ensure that the certification information label, which is located on the top of the instrument, specifies dust certification - see below.



When connected to a certified IECEx system the BA444DF-F may be installed in:

Zone 20	explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is continuously present, or for long periods or frequently.
Zone 21	explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is likely to occur occasionally in normal operation.
Zone 22	explosive atmosphere in the form of a cloud of combustible dust in air is not likely to occur in normal operation, but if it does occur, will only persist for a short period.

3.2.1 Installation in the presence of combustible dust

The IECEx dust certification relies on the fieldbus listener enclosure being dust-tight. Therefore the terminal cover should only be removed when dust can not enter the instrument enclosure. Before replacing the terminal cover ensure that the sealing gaskets are undamaged and are free from foreign bodies.

The IECEx certificate may be downloaded from www.beka.co.uk, www.iecex.com or requested from the BEKA sales office.

A3.3 Versions of the BA444DF-F

All versions of the BA444DF-F fieldbus indicator have IECEx certification. This includes:

ATEX version for use in gas atmospheres

IECEx code Ex ia IIC T4 Ga
FISCO Field Device Ex ia IIC T4
Ta = -40°C to 70°C

ATEX version for use in gas and dust atmospheres.

IECEx code Ex ia IIC T4 Ga
FISCO Field Device Ex ia IIC T4
Ex ia IIIC T100°C Da IP66
Ta = -20°C to 60 °C

Factory Mutual Approved version

IECEx code Ex ia IIC T4 Ga
FISCO Field Device Ex ia IIC T4
Ta = -40°C to 70°C

